

STUDENT CONDUCT POLICY

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

At Christ The King, we aim to create a welcoming, caring, respectful and safe learning environment that honours our call to work together in faith, love, and hope. We celebrate our accomplishments and we believe that each person brings gifts, talents and interests to our community to develop and share.

GENERAL EXPECTATIONS

In keeping with requirements set out in both the Alberta Education Act and the Alberta Human Rights Act, we neither condone nor accept discrimination of any kind. This includes discrimination based on an individual's race, colour, ancestry, place of origin, religious beliefs, gender, physical disability, mental disability, marital status, family status, source of income or sexual orientation.

The Student Conduct Policy is reviewed on an annual basis by parents, students and school staff and is revised as necessary in response to feedback from the parties listed above. Expectations of students and school policies are outlined at the beginning of the school year and are regularly reviewed with students. The Student Conduct Policy is printed in student handbooks and is posted on the school website.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MEMBERS OF OUR SCHOOL COMMUNITY

All members of our school community - students, parents and staff - are expected to model and promote behaviour that contributes to a welcoming, caring, respectful and safe learning environment that respects diversity and fosters a sense of belonging. Parents and school staff have the responsibility to help students meet their responsibilities.

Student Responsibilities:

- attend school regularly and punctually,
- be ready to learn and actively engage in and diligently pursue the student's education,
- ensure that the student's conduct contributes to a welcoming, caring, respectful and safe learning environment that respects diversity and fosters a sense of belonging,
- respect the rights of others in the school,
- refrain from, report and not tolerate bullying or bullying behaviour directed toward others in the school, whether it occurs within the school building, during the school day or by electronic means,
- comply with the rules of the school and the policies of the board,
- co-operate with everyone authorized by the board to provide education programs and other services,
- be accountable to the student's teachers and other school staff for the student's conduct, and
- positively contribute to the student's school and community.

-Alberta Education Act, Section 31

Parent Responsibilities:

- act as the primary guide and decision-maker with respect to the child's education,
- take an active role in the child's educational success, including assisting the child in complying with Section 12 of the School Act,
- ensure that the child attends school regularly,
- ensure that the parent's conduct contributes to a welcoming, caring, respectful and safe learning environment, in keeping with Section 16.2 of the School Act,
- co-operate and collaborate with school staff to support the delivery of specialized supports and services to the child,
- encourage, foster and advance collaborative, positive and respectful relationships with teachers, principals, other school staff and professionals providing supports and services in the school, and
- engage in the child's school community.

-Alberta School Act, Section 32

Staff Responsibilities Include:

- educate students by fulfilling the mandate of the Alberta Education curriculum and our Catholic faith.
- deliver appropriate educational programming that meets the needs of all students and enables them to be successful.
- encourage, foster and advance collaborative, positive and respectful relationships with students, parents, colleagues.
- model mutual respect, Catholic values and conduct that contributes to a welcoming, caring, respectful and safe learning environment.
- discipline consistently, maintaining dignity and respect.
- administer consequences for inappropriate and/or unacceptable behaviours.
- maintain open communication, be accountable and provide assurances to students and parents regarding student learning outcomes.
- review conduct policy with students.
- communicate classroom expectations.
- recognize diversity and individual differences.
- respect confidentiality.
- provide supports, as appropriate, for individuals impacted by inappropriate behaviour or discrimination. Supports could include meeting with STAY personnel, Family School Liaison Social Workers, Emotional Behaviour Specialists, or others on an as needed basis.

ACCEPTABLE BEHAVIOURS

We know that most students behave appropriately most of the time. We also believe that people perform better when they know what is expected of them. Christ The King is committed to providing students with a school environment that is both safe and conducive to learning. We are dedicated to teaching students appropriate behaviour towards themselves and others. We expect students to behave in an acceptable manner, which does not interfere with the learning or behaviour of others. Students are to conduct themselves in a manner that is respectful.

Students Can Contribute to Creating a Positive Learning Environment by:

- smiling at peers and adults in our school.
- speaking to their friends about their behaviour (in a nice way) when they are not contributing to a welcoming, caring, respectful and safe environment.
- greeting visitors to their classroom or school.
- being friendly and helpful towards students that are new to the school and others.
- sitting with someone who is alone at lunch, inviting someone to join games or sit with their group outside, or working together to complete a project.
- keeping our school and school grounds clean and tidy.
- coming to school/class on time and as prepared as possible.
- treating everyone with respect even if they don't agree with their beliefs and/or values.
- having empathy for others.
- following classroom and school expectations so everyone can learn.
- not engaging in behaviour such as put downs or snickers when questions are asked in class – no one should feel afraid or nervous about coming to school.
 - Excerpted from The Society for Safe and Caring Schools and Communities, *Series on Alberta's Education Act*, November 2014

Parents Can Help Students Meet Their Responsibilities by:

- modelling kindness.
- paying attention to how they talk about other children and the school in front of their children.

- taking responsibility for their mistakes.
- reporting any problems at school to the teacher as soon as they can. Problems are easier to solve when they haven't been going on for a long time. The best place to start is with their child's teacher. If parents are not satisfied with the results of this conversation, the next step would be to make an appointment to speak with their child's principal.
- modelling peaceful problem solving when you have a conflict.
 - Excerpted from The Society for Safe and Caring Schools and Communities,
 - *Series on Alberta's Education Act*, November 2014

Other Ways Parents Can Contribute to a Welcoming, Caring, Respectful and Safe Learning Environment is by:

- speaking respectfully to and about school staff.
- speaking positively about the school, staff, other students and their families in front of their child.
- making appointments to ensure the person they want to speak with has sufficient time to have a focused conversation. Drop off and pick up times are not ideal for parents or for the teacher.
- communicating with the teacher or other school staff – e.g. positive notes or emails to their child's teacher and/or other school staff, positive comments when parents drop off or pick up their child.
 - Excerpted from The Society for Safe and Caring Schools and Communities, *Series on Alberta's Education Act*, November 2014

GENERAL EXPECTATIONS FOR BEHAVIOUR

At CTK, we are dedicated to learning in a welcoming, caring, respectful and safe learning environment. **Anything that interferes with teaching or learning is not allowed.** This includes inappropriate dress, gum-chewing, head gear, sunglasses, inappropriate use of electronic devices or games, behaviour that conflicts with our district responsible use agreement, and physical contact between students. School-wide expectations are communicated to our students by teachers in classroom discussions, by school administration in assemblies, during morning announcements, through the school newsletter and through our school website. We have set behavioural guidelines for the school and have asked each teacher to set programs and procedures designed to maximize student learning and responsibility. Since each teacher has a different style, specific expectations and procedures will vary from class to class.

CONSEQUENCES FOR INAPPROPRIATE BEHAVIOUR

We concentrate on positive behaviour and attitudes; however, there are times when a student has difficulty recognizing their responsibility as a student. In such cases, we have outlined several possible consequences for behaviour, whether the behaviour occurs within the school building, during the school day or by electronic means. When a student behaves inappropriately, they can expect that the staff member present (teacher, administrator, teacher assistant, support staff) will take the most appropriate action. One or more of the following can be expected to occur:

- Verbal reprimand
- Restriction of privileges and activities
- Noon hour detention of student
- Parental involvement
- Parent-student conference with school staff
- Verbal or written apology by student
- Problem solving, monitoring or reviewing behaviour expectations
- Replacement or repair of damaged property
- Temporary exclusion of student from class
- Bus suspension for students riding the bus
- In-school suspension
- Out-of-school suspension

- Referral to Attendance Board
- Behaviour contract
- Involvement of outside agencies
- Involvement of Police
- Expulsion
- Record of incident retained in PowerSchool

In dealing with inappropriate behaviour, consequences are fair, but not always equal. Several factors are considered when dealing with inappropriate behaviour. As might be expected, the more serious the behaviour, the more severe the consequence. The nature and circumstances of the incident, as well as frequency of misbehaviour, and unique student attributes such as age, maturity and the individual circumstances of the student are also considered.

UNACCEPTABLE BEHAVIOUR

Unacceptable behaviour could result in a suspension from school under Section 24 of the School Act. The following are considered major forms of misbehaviour and will be dealt with severely, whether they occur within the school building, during the school day or by electronic means.

Bullying/Cyberbullying

Bullying can be defined as:

Repeated and hostile or demeaning behaviour by an individual in the school community where the behaviour is intended to cause harm, fear or distress to one or more other individuals in the school community, including psychological harm or harm to an individual's reputation.

Bullying can take different forms:

Physical – pushing, hitting

Verbal – name calling, threats, put-downs

Emotional/Social – exclusion, rumors, extortion of money or possessions, intimidation

Cyber – using the computer or other technology to harass or threaten

Bullying is not a normal part of growing up and it does not build character. No one should have to put up with bullying. Bullying is a learned behaviour – children and youth often learn bullying behaviour when they either experience being bullied or see it happening to others.

Bullying is different from conflict. Conflict is defined as a disagreement or struggle over opposing beliefs, needs, feelings or actions and is a normal part of life. From time to time everyone has conflicts with friends, family, teachers, co-workers. It is important to learn how to resolve conflict peacefully and recognize the difference between conflict and bullying.

Students are expected to report bullying behaviour as soon as they can after seeing it or experiencing it. Students may do this by telling an adult in the school. Students who are uncomfortable with coming forward to school personnel are encouraged to talk with parents or friends, who could then assist them in notifying the school about bullying.

Bullying or cyberbullying of students could result in an immediate suspension from school. As well, the police may become involved in the investigation of bullying incidents. Bullying is defined in law as “the **repeated** intimidation of others by the real or threatened infliction of physical, verbal, written, electronically transmitted or emotional abuse.” Any person who repeatedly bullies a minor (under the age of 18) in a public place could be subject to a \$250 fine.

Defiance

Any act of defiance, that is, refusing to comply with a reasonable request from a staff member, can result in an immediate suspension.

Physical / Verbal Abuse or Harassment

Physical abuse of any type to anyone will result in an immediate suspension. Verbal intimidation or harassment will also result in an immediate suspension. At CTK, there is no such thing as “play fighting” – and therefore this will not be considered an acceptable excuse for physical contact with another student. Police may be involved if this is deemed to be appropriate by school administration.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Students who choose to watch or encourage other students in a physical fight might also be suspended from school. The fact that they have an audience encourages those students who are fighting to continue the conflict, as they do not want to "lose face" in front of their peers. Thus, the spectators are viewed by school administration as being a major contributing factor to the continuation of the fighting, and they will be treated accordingly.

Improper or Profane Language

The use or display of improper or profane language could result in a suspension from school. Students who use profane language in addressing a teacher will be suspended from school.

Vandalism or Willful Damage to School Property

Vandalism or willful damage to school property will result in an immediate suspension and/or service within the school community* depending on the circumstances. Students will be expected to pay fully for any damages caused deliberately or through carelessness.

*Service within the school community occurs when a student is assigned to do work to assist any of the adults in the school e.g. teachers, custodians, support staff. This is for a specific number of hours in a specified period.

Theft

Theft of property, either from the school or from another person, is strictly prohibited and will result in a suspension. Restoration of the stolen property is mandatory. In some instances, cases of theft are referred to the police.

Illegal Drugs or Substances

Possession or use of illegal drugs or substances on school property or in sight of school property will result in an immediate suspension and may lead to expulsion from the school. In cases of drug use, the police will be involved in the investigation and charges could be laid.

Behaviour Dangerous to Self or Others

Students who engage in reckless or dangerous behaviour will be suspended from school. If appropriate, the police will also be involved in the investigation.

Weapons

Possession of a weapon or presentation of any object meant to threaten or intimidate will result in an immediate suspension. Any weapons brought to school will be confiscated and turned over to the police. Police may be involved if this is deemed to be appropriate by school administration.

IMPORTANT NOTE: This rule also applies to toy knives and guns. Simulated weapons will be treated in the same fashion as real weapons. They have no place in a school environment.

Repeated Violation of General Expectations

Repeated violation of general expectations or a continual disregard of classroom rules will result in an out-of-school suspension.